Page 1 of 8 Version: 6 / 27 March 2020

SAFETY DATA SHEET

Section 1: IDENTIFICATION

Product Name: REGLONE
Design Code: A1412P
Recommended Use: Herbicide

Company Details: Syngenta Crop Protection Limited
Address: Tower II, Level 7, 110 Symonds Street

Private Bag 92618, Symonds Street AUCKLAND NEW ZEALAND

Telephone number: (weekdays) 09 306 1500 Emergency Telephone number: (24 Hours) 0800 734 607

National Poisons & Hazchem

Information Centre : 0800 POISON (0800 764 766)

Section 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazard classification: 6.1C, 6.3A, 6.9A, 8.1A, 9.1A, 9.3C

Priority Identifier: DANGER

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Secondary Identifiers: 6.1C = Toxic if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through the skin.

6.3A = Causes skin irritation

6.9A = May cause eye damage from repeated oral exposure at high

doses.

8.1A = May be corrosive to metals.
9.1A = Very toxic to aquatic life.
9.3C = Harmful to terrestrial vertebrates.

Section 3: COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Mixture:		
Chemical Identity of ingredients:		
Ingredient	CAS no.	Content (% w/v)
Diquat (present as diquat dibromide)	85-00-7 (diquat dibromide)	>= 30 - < 40 (diquat
		dibromide) to give
	2764-72-9 (diquat)	20 (diquat)
other ingredients determined not to be hazardous	-	to 100%

Section 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of First Aid measures:

General Advice: For advice contact the National Poisons Centre on 0800 POISON

(0800 764 766) or a doctor immediately. Begin artificial respiration if the victim is not breathing. Use mouth to nose rather than mouth to $\,$

mouth. Obtain medical attention.

If inhaled: Move the victim to fresh air.

If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration.

Keep patient warm and at rest.

Call a Doctor or the Poisons Information Centre immediately.

In case of skin contact: Take off all contaminated clothing immediately.

Wash off immediately with plenty of water. If skin irritation persists, call a doctor. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

In case of eye contact: Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the eyelids, for at

least 15 minutes.

Remove contact lenses (if present). Immediate medical attention is required.

If swallowed: If swallowed seek medical advice immediately and show the container

or label.

DO NOT induce vomiting.

Important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed:

Symptoms: Inflammation of the mouth, throat and oesophagus

Gastrointestinal discomfort

Diarrhoea

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Administer either activated charcoal (100 g for adults or 2 g/kg body weight in children) or Fuller's Earth (15% solution; 1 litre for adults or

15mL/kg body weight in children).

NOTE: the use of gastric lavage without administration of an adsorbent

has not shown any clinical benefit.

Eye contact:-Severe damage may be caused by apparently trivial contact and healing may be delayed. Medical supervision should

continue until complete healing has occurred.

Section 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing media:

Suitable extinguishing media: Small fires:

Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon

dioxide. Large Fires:

Alcohol resistant foam or water spray.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Do not use a solid water stream as it may scatter and spread fire.

Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture:

Specific hazards during fire- Fire will spread by burning with a visible flame.

fighting: As the product contains combustible organic components, fire will

produce dense black smoke containing hazardous products of

combustion (see section 10)

Exposure to decomposition products may be a hazard to health.

Advice for firefighters:

Special protective equipment for

firefighters:

Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus.

Hazchem Code: 2X

Further information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

Cool closed containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Section 6: ACCIDENTIAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Refer to protective measures listed in Sections 7 and 8.

Environmental Precautions:

Do not flush into surface water or sanitary sewer system.

If the product contaminates rivers and lakes or drains inform respective

authorities.

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up:

Contain spillage, and then collect with non-combustible absorbent material, (e.g. sand, earth, diatomaceous earth, vermiculite) and place in container for disposal according to local / national regulations (see

section 13).

Clean contaminated surface thoroughly. Clean with detergents. Avoid solvents.

Retain and dispose of contaminated wash water.

Reference to other sections: Refer to disposal considerations listed in Section 13.

Refer to protective measures listed in sections 7 and 8.

Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe handling:

Advice on safe handling: Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

When using do not eat, drink or smoke. For personal protection see section 8.

Spray solutions should not be mixed, stored or applied in containers other than plastic, plastic-lined steel, stainless steel or fiberglass.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Requirements for storage area

and containers:

Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Keep out of the reach of children. Keep away from

food, drink and animal feeding stuffs.

Specific end use(s)

Specific use(s) For proper and safe use of this product, please refer to the approval

conditions laid down on the product label.

Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits:

Components	CAS No	Value type (form	Control	Basis
		of exposure)	parameters	
Diquat dibromide	85-00-7	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	WES
Diquat	2764-72-9	TWA	0.05 mg/m ³	WES

Exposure controls

Engineering measures: Containment and/or segregation is the most reliable technical

protection measure if exposure cannot be eliminated.

The extent of these protection measures depends on the actual risks in

use.

Maintain air concentrations below occupational exposure standards. Where necessary, seek additional occupational hygiene advice.

Personal Protective Protection:

Eye protection: Tightly fitting safety goggles

Always wear eye protection when the potential for inadvertent

eye contact with the product cannot be excluded.

Hand protection:

Material: Chemical resistant, such as nitrile rubber

Break through time: >480 min
Glove thickness: 0.5 mm

Remarks: Wear protective gloves. The choice of an appropriate glove does not

only depend on its material but also on other quality features and is

different from one producer to the other.

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time. The break through time depends amongst other things on the material, the thickness and the type of glove and therefore has to be measured for each case. Gloves should be discarded and replaced if there is any indication of degradation or chemical breakthrough.

Skin and body protection: Choose body protection in relation to its type, to the concentration and

amount of dangerous substances, and to the specific work-place.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-use.

Wear as appropriate:

waterproof hat, coat and trousers (worn outside rubber boots).

Respiratory protection: When workers are facing concentrations above the exposure limit they

must use appropriate certified respirators.

Suitable respiratory equipment: Respirator with a half face mask

The filter class for the respirator must be suitable for the maximum expected contaminant concentration (gas/vapour/aerosol/particulates) that may arise when handling the product. If this concentration is exceeded, self-contained breathing apparatus must be used.

Filter type: Particulates type (P)

Protective measures: The use of technical measures should always have priority over the

use of personal protective equipment.

When selecting personal protective equipment, seek appropriate

professional advice.

Personal protective equipment should be certified to appropriate

standards.

Section 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties:

Appearance:

Colour:

Dark red brown

Odour:

Non specific

Odour threshold:

PH value

4 - 5.5

Melting point / freezing point:

Initial boiling point and boiling range:

Start a sint series.

Flash point: Does not flash

Flammability: Not classified as a flammability hazard

Upper flammability / explosive limits: No data
Lower flammability / explosive limits No data

Vapour pressure: 10⁻⁹ mmHg (for the active ingredient)

Vapour Density: No data

Density: 1.2 g/cm³ at 20°C

Solubility in other solvents: Soluble in water

Partition co-efficient: n-octanol / water: log Pow: -4.6 (20°C)

Autoignition temperature

Decomposition temperature:

No data

Dynamic viscosity:

No data

Explosive properties:

No data

Oxidising properties:

No data

Surface tension:

No data

Minimum ignition energy:

No data

Section 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity:

See Section: "Possibility of Hazardous Reactions".

Chemical Stability:

The product is stable when used in normal conditions.

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:

Hazardous reactions: Corrosive in contact with metals

Conditions to Avoid

No decomposition if used as directed.

Incompatible Materials:

Materials to avoid: Aluminium

Mild steel Iron

Hazardous Decomposition Products:

Combustion or thermal decomposition will evolve toxic and irritant vapours.

Section 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

HSNO Classifications:

6.1C = Toxic if swallowed, inhaled or absorbed through the skin.

6.3A = Causes skin irritation

Sensitisation:

6.9A = May cause eye damage from repeated oral exposure at high doses.

Acute toxicity (similar co	Acute toxicity (similar composition)				
Swallowed:	LD ₅₀	approx. 550 mg/kg (rat, female) Remarks: Lethal dose for man is approximately 4-6g of diquat (equivalent to approximately 60mg/kg). May cause nausea, vomiting, abdominal pain and diarrhoea within a few hours of swallowing. Ulceration of lips, mouth, throat and intestine may follow within 24-48 hours. Kidney failure and liver damage may occur; in severe cases circulatory collapse; coma or death/cardiac arrest.			
Dermal absorption:	LD ₅₀	>5000 mg/kg (rat, male and female)			
Inhaled:	LC ₅₀ (4 h)	0.64 mg/L (rat, male and female)) Remarks: Nose bleeding and soreness of the throat may result from spray mist or dust trapped on the nasal mucosa.			
Aspiration hazard:	Not classifi	ed			
Respiratory irritation:	Not classifi	ed			
Skin corrosion / irritation:	IRRITANT	IRRITANT (rabbit)			
Eye damage / irritation:	IRRITANT (HSNO Classification) (rabbit) Remarks: This material has a delayed eye irritation effect. May lead to ulceration of cornea and conjunctival epithelium giving rise to secondary infection. Although healing may be slow, the injury is superficial and with proper medical care recovery will be complete, even in severe cases.				
Respiratory or Skin	NOT A SK	IN SENSITISER (guinea pigs)			

Chronic / Long Term Effects (active ingredient)

Animal testing did not show any mutagenic effects. Germ cell mutagenicity:

Carcinogenicity: No evidence of carcinogenicity in animal studies.

Reproductive toxicity: No toxicity to reproduction.

Specific Organ toxicity: Single exposure:

Target Organs: Nervous system

The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, single

exposure, category 3 with respiratory tract irritation.

Repeated exposure:

The substance or mixture is classified as specific target organ toxicant, repeated exposure, category 1. Ocular effects (cataracts) have been reported following long

term oral exposure of laboratory animals.

Not classified. Narcotic Effects:

Section 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

HSNO Classifications:

9.1A = Very toxic to aquatic life.

9.3C = Harmful to terrestrial vertebrates.

Ecotoxicity Effects - Aquatic

LC₅₀ (96 h) = 5.6 mg/L (*Oncorhynchus mykiss* (rainbow trout)) Acute toxicity to fish:

(Calculated, as diquat ion)

Toxicity to daphnia and other

aquatic invertebrates:

EC₅₀ (48h) = 1.34 mg/L (*Daphnia magna* (water flea)) (Calculated,

as diquat ion)

Toxicity to algae: E_rC₅₀ (96 h)= 0.0006 mg/L (Navicula pelliculosa (Freshwater

diatom)) (Calculated, as diquat ion)

Ecotoxicity Effects - Terrestrial

Toxicity to Birds: $LD_{50} = 155 \text{ mg/kg (mallard ducks) (active ingredient)}$

 $LD_{50} = 295 \text{ mg/kg (partridges) (active ingredient)}$

Toxicity to soil dwelling organisms: LC₅₀ (14 days) = 243 mg/kg (earthworms) (active ingredient)

Toxicity to Bees: LD_{50} (120h, oral) = 22 µg/bee (active ingredient)

Persistence and degradability:

Biodegradability: Degradation half-life: >30 d

Stability in water: Persistent in water.

Bioaccumulative potential:

Bioaccumulation: Low bioaccumulation potential.

Mobility in soil:

Distribution among environmental

compartments:

Stability in soil: DT₅₀: 11 – 41 y

Percentage dissipation: 50%

Persistent in soil.

Immobile in soils

Other adverse effects:

Results of PBT and vPvB This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulating assessment (product): and toxic (PBT).. This substance is not considered to be very

persistent and very bioaccumulating (vPvB).

Section 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Product Disposal: DO NOT contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or

used containers. DO NOT dispose of waste into sewer. Dispose of this product only by using according to the label. Otherwise, dispose of waste at an approved landfill or other approved facility that will ensure the substance does not exceed the tolerable exposure limit (TEL) or environmental exposure limit (EEL), where relevant, or will treat the

substance so that it is rendered no longer hazardous.

Container Disposal: Ensure the container is empty. Triple rinse empty container and add

rinsate to the spray tank. Recycle empty container through Agrecovery (0800 247 326, www.agrecovery.co.nz). Otherwise crush and bury in a suitable landfill. DO NOT reuse this container for any other purpose.

Section 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Rail / Road (NZS 5433) UN-No: 1760

Class: 8
Packing Group: III

Proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Diquat dibromide)

Sea (IMDG-Code) UN-No: 1760

Class: 8 Packing Group: III

Proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Diquat dibromide)

EmS Code: F-A, S-B MARINE POLLUTANT: Yes

Air (IATA)UN-No: 1760
Class: 8

Class: 8
Packing Group: III

Proper shipping name: CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.

(Diquat dibromide) 856 (cargo aircraft)

Packing instruction: 856 (cargo aircraft)

852 (passenger aircraft)

Packing instruction (LQ): Y841

Section 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

HSNO Approval Number: HSR000446

Tolerable Exposure Limit or

Environmental Exposure Limit: No TEL or EEL values are set for this substance at this time

Required Regulatory Controls:

Certified handler: No Tracking: Yes

Record Keeping: Yes, 9.1A substance

ACVM Registration: P000001

ACVM Controls: See <u>www.foodsafety.govt.nz/industry/acvm</u> for registration conditions.

International Agreements related

to the substance (eg, Montreal Protocol, Stockholm Convention or Rotterdam Convention):

Not applicable

Section 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Date of SDS Preparation / Review:	27 March 2020
Version number of SDS:	6

Key / Legend to abbreviations and acronyms used:

AICS - Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances;

ANTT - National Agency for Transport by Land of Brazil;

ASTM - American Society for the Testing of Materials;

bw - Body weight;

CMR - Carcinogen, Mutagen or Reproductive Toxicant;

CPR - Controlled Products Regulations;

DIN - Standard of the German Institute for Standardisation;

DSL - Domestic Substances List (Canada);

ECx - Concentration associated with x% response;

ELx - Loading rate associated with x% response;

EmS - Emergency Schedule;

ENCS - Existing and New Chemical Substances (Japan);

ErCx - Concentration associated with x% growth rate response;

ERG - Emergency Response Guide;

GHS - Globally Harmonized System;

GLP - Good Laboratory Practice;

IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer;

IATA - International Air Transport Association;

IBC - International Code for the Construction and Equipment

of Ships carrying Dangerous Chemicals in Bulk;

IC50 - Half maximal inhibitory concentration;

ICAO - International Civil Aviation Organization;

IECSC - Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China;

IMDG - International Maritime Dangerous Goods;

IMO - International Maritime Organization;

ISHL - Industrial Safety and Health Law (Japan); ISO - International Organisation for Standardization;

KECI - Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory;

LC50 - Lethal Concentration to 50 % of a test population;

LD50 - Lethal Dose to 50% of a test population (Median Lethal

MARPOL - International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution from Ships;

N.O.S. - Not Otherwise Specified;

Nch - Chilean Norm;

NO(A)EC - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Concentration;

NO(A)EL - No Observed (Adverse) Effect Level;

NOELR - No Observable Effect Loading Rate;

NOM - Official Mexican Norm;

NTP - National Toxicology Program;

NZIoC - New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals;

OECD - Organization for Economic Co-operation and

Development;

OPPTS - Office of Chemical Safety and Pollution Prevention; PBT - Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic substance;

PICCS - Philippines Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances:

(Q)SAR - (Quantitative) Structure ActivityRelationship; RÉACH - Regulation (ÉC) No 1907/2006 of the European

Parliament and of the Council concerning the Registration,

Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals;

SADT - Self-Accelerating Decomposition Temperature;

SDS - Safety Data Sheet;

TCSI - Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory;

TDG - Transportation of Dangerous Goods;

TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act (United States);

UN - United Nations;

UNRTDG - United Nations Recommendations on the

Transport of Dangerous Goods;

vPvB - Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative;

WES - Workplace Exposure Standard (Worksafe NZ);

WHMIS - Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System

The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release and is not to be considered a warranty or quality specification. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the test.

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